

PERFORMANCE VERIFICATION

Functional tests & full performance verification:

Velocity testing, system integrity check, focus mechanism and performance verification:

Associated parties:

System supplied by:





Verification certificate:

System	ZephIR laser anemometer
Supplier	ZephIR Lidar, UK
Unit Number	ZP513
Customer	Fugro
Order number	-
Date of tests and verification	19/05/2015 - 03/06/2015
Test Station	A (397557 E 249426 N BNG), Separation = 5m

If fully complete and compliant this certificate documents the traceability of systems to a full verification test against a tall mast with calibrated cups, and the subsequent functional tests at a UK test site operated by ZephIR Lidar. Users may request additional full verification tests at their expense.

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Approved signatures:

Test Engineer	Quality Manager	Date
PRINT: M. MANGAT	G. ERUS	9/06/2015
SIGN: 		

Functional tests:

Velocity testing and system integrity tests provide a check of several key components including wedge angle, wedge mounting, laser wavelength, and software configuration:

<i>Test:</i>	<i>Criteria:</i>	<i>Result:</i>
VELOCITY TEST*	VELOCITY ERROR < 0.5%	PASS
DIRECTION TEST*	DIRECTION ERROR < 0.5	PASS
SENSITIVITY*	SNR > 60	PASS
FOCUS CALIBRATION**	RANGE ERROR < 1m	PASS

*Velocity, direction, and SNR checked against calibrated moving belt at speeds up to 5m/s

**Focus calibrated at 68m focus range

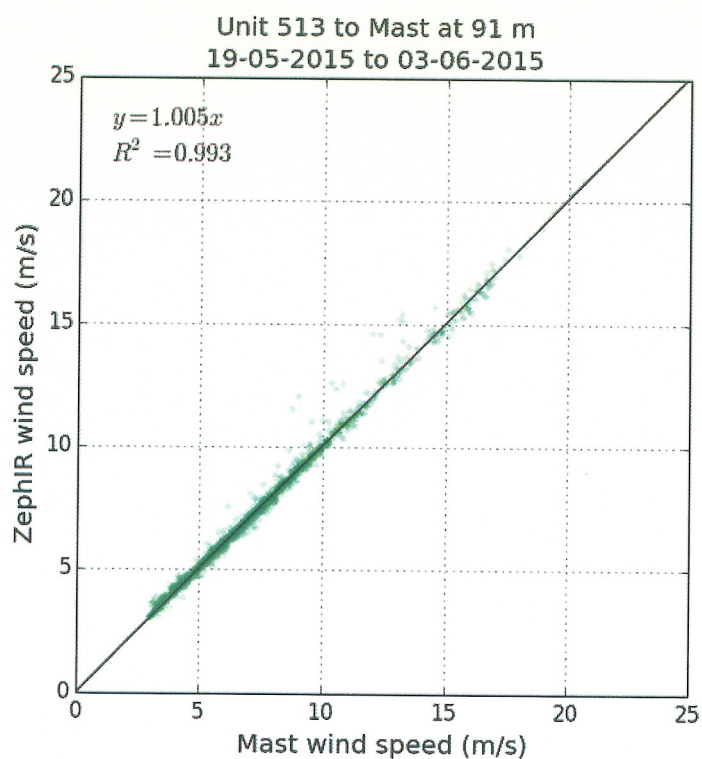
Full performance verification against a tall mast:

Verification of horizontal wind speed performance against the certified tall mast operated by ZephIR Lidar. The comparison is based on the slope of the forced regression line for 10-minute average values obtained over consecutive days. The ZephIR data is processed using standard filters with an additional calm filter of 3m/s. Mast filters are also applied to eliminate invalid cup data. A minimum of 400 valid concurrent data points is required for the comparison.

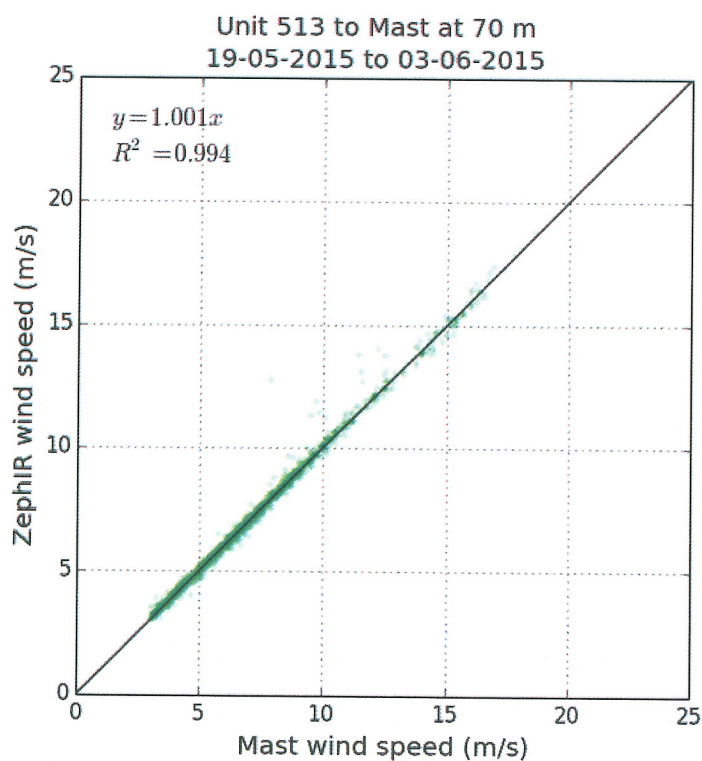
<i>Test:</i>	<i>Criteria:</i>	<i>Value:</i>	<i>Result:</i>
AVERAGE WIND SPEED AT 91 METRES	Slope 1.00 +/-2.0% R² > 0.970	0.53% 0.993	PASS PASS
AVERAGE WIND SPEED AT 70 METRES	Slope 1.00 +/-2.0% R² > 0.970	0.08% 0.994	PASS PASS
AVERAGE WIND SPEED AT 45 METRES	Slope 1.00 +/-2.0% R² > 0.970	-0.44% 0.996	PASS PASS
AVERAGE WIND SPEED AT 20 METRES	Slope 1.00 +/-2.0% R² > 0.970	-0.65% 0.997	PASS PASS

Additional comments:

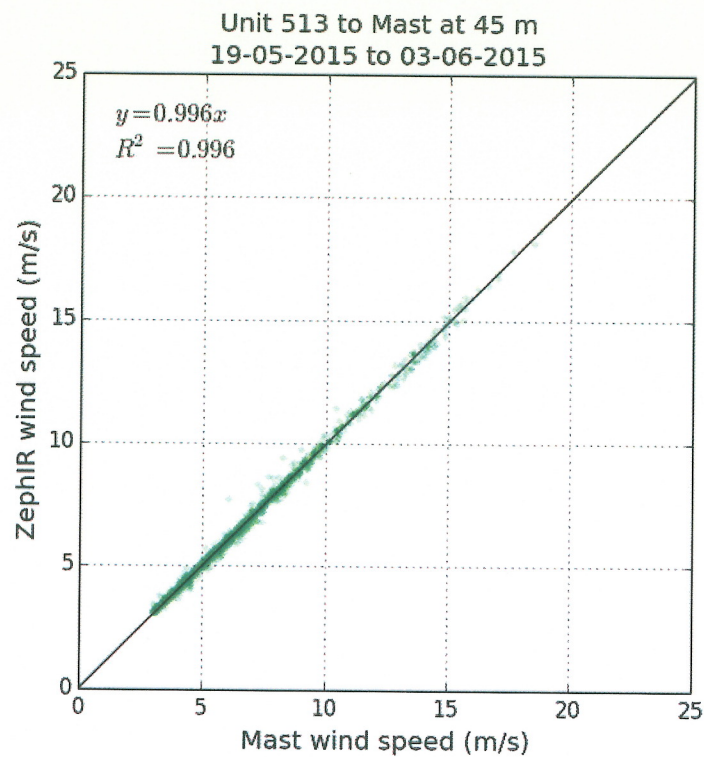
The tall mast operated by ZephIR Lidar has been constructed to conform fully with the recommendations for mast anemometry in IEC 61400-12-1: *Power Performance Measurements of Electricity Producing Wind Turbines* and has been approved for the use by technical and engineering services provider DNV-GL. Technical details of the test mast are presented in the annex to this document.



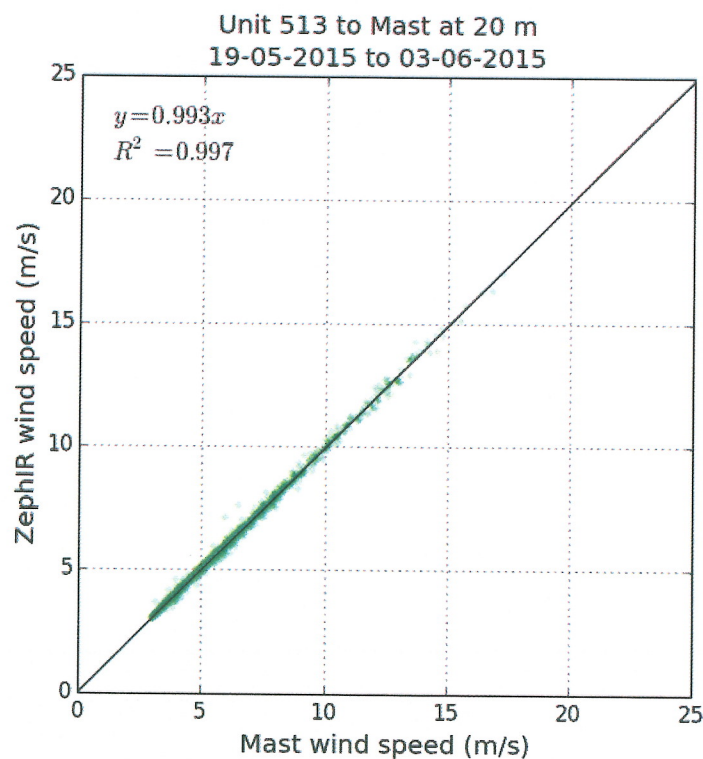
Correlation Plot of Unit 513 v Tall Mast at Height 91m
Date Range: 19/05/2015 - 03/06/2015



Correlation Plot of Unit 513 v Tall Mast at Height 70m
Date Range: 19/05/2015 - 03/06/2015

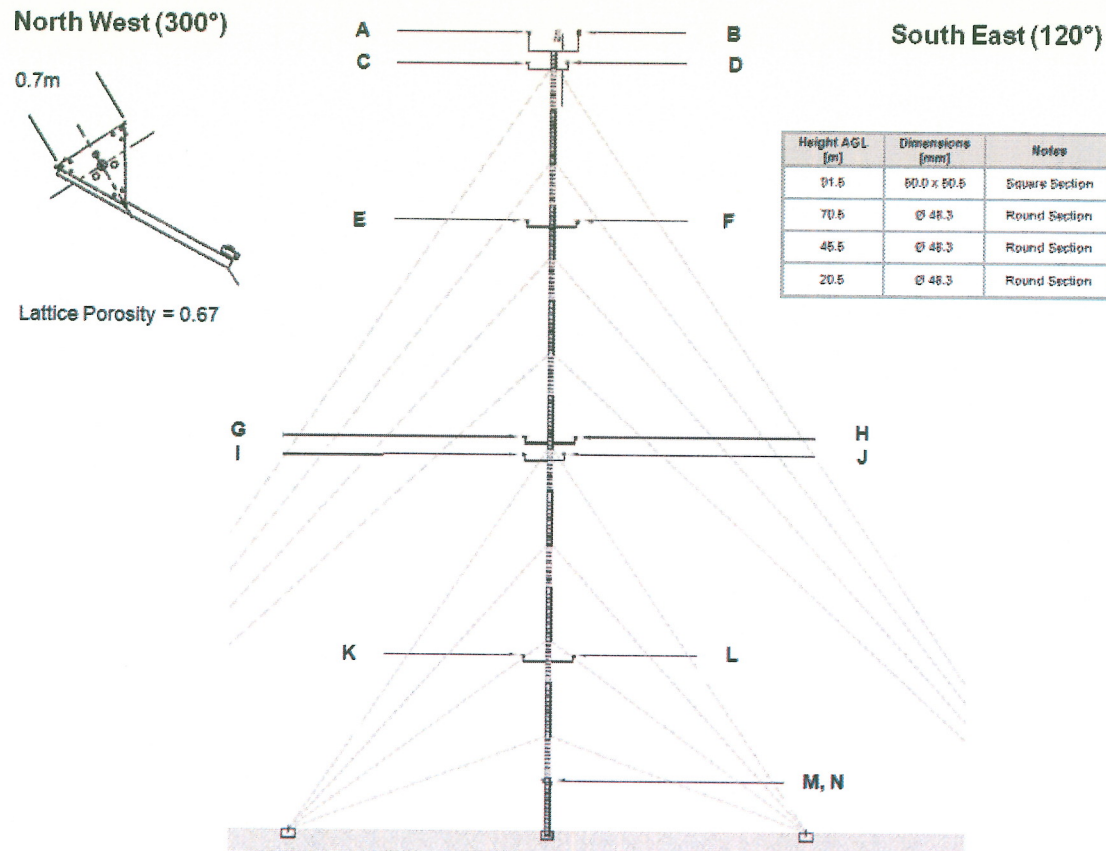


Correlation Plot of Unit 513 v Tall Mast at Height 45m
Date Range: 19/05/2015 - 03/06/2015



Correlation Plot of Unit 513 v Tall Mast at Height 20m
Date Range: 19/05/2015 - 03/06/2015

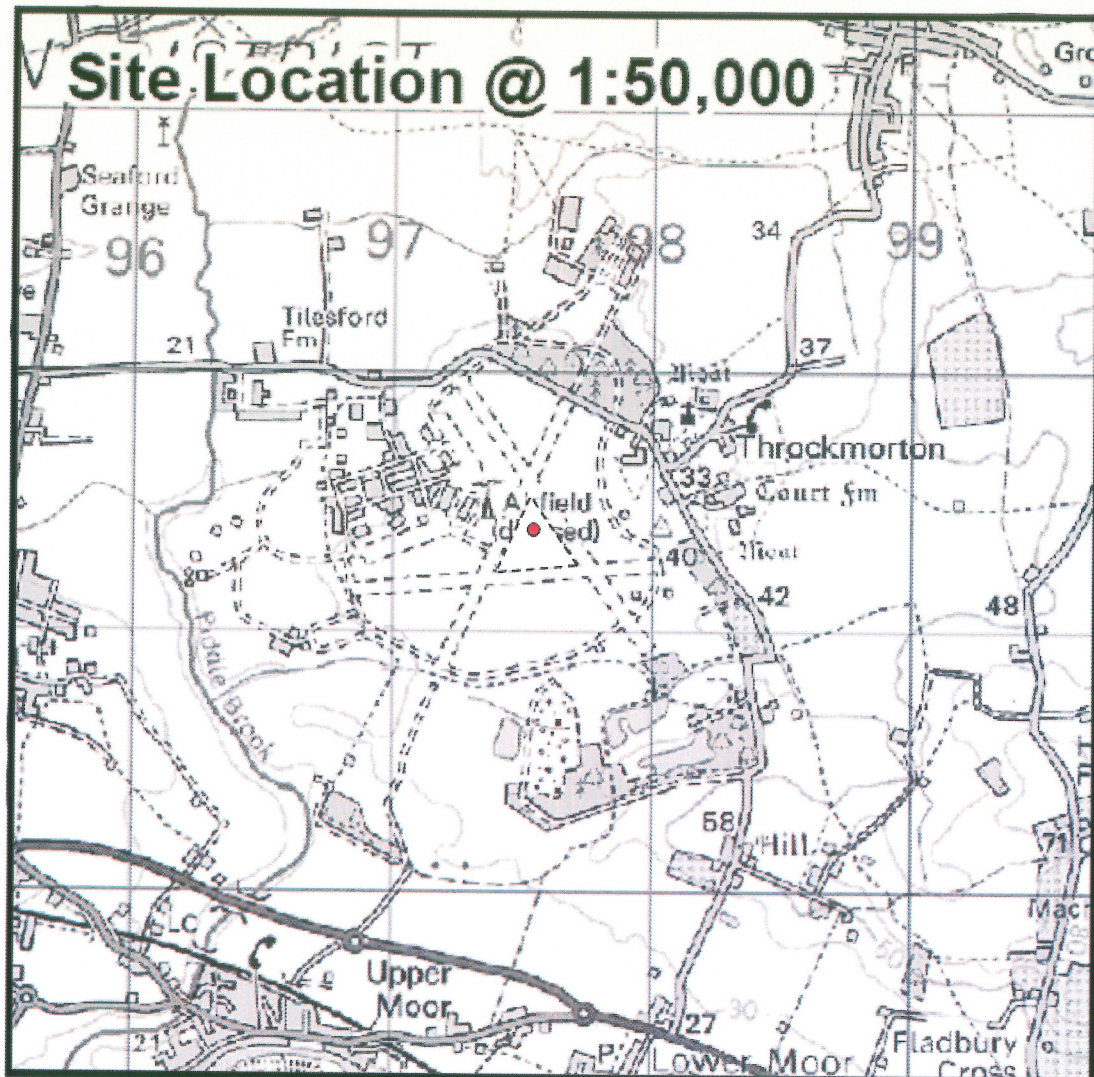
Annex A: Test Mast Technical Specification



Label	Height (m)	Orientation (°) Mast to Instrument	Type	Manufacturer/Model	Calibration n°	Calibration Date	Cup to boom centre height (mm)	Instrument to mast centre length (mm)
A	91.5	300	Cup Anemometer	Vector A100LK	SOH DWG	13/09/2013 26/08/2013	1500	1025
B	91.5	120	3D Sonic Anemometer	Metek USA1	-	-	1500	1025
C	88	300	Direction Vane	Vector W200P	-	-	920	3700
D	88	120	Temperature/Humidity	Campbell Scientific CS215	-	-	-	-
E	70.5	300	Cup Anemometer	Vector A100LM	SOH DWG	30/08/2014 22/08/2014	960	3700
F	70.5	120	Cup Anemometer	Vector A100LM	SOH DWG	13/11/2013 26/08/2013	1160	3700
G	45.5	300	Cup Anemometer	Vector A100LM	SOH DWG	13/09/2013 26/08/2013	960	3700
H	45.5	120	Cup Anemometer	Vector A100LM	SOH DWG	30/08/2014 22/08/2014	1160	3700
I	43.5	300	Direction Vane	Vector W200P	-	-	920	3700
J	43.5	120	Temperature/Humidity	Campbell Scientific CS215	-	-	-	-
K	20.5	300	Cup Anemometer	Vector A100LM	SOH DWG	30/08/2014 22/08/2014	960	3700
L	20.5	120	Cup Anemometer	Vector A100LM	SOH DWG	13/08/2013 26/08/2013	1160	3700
M	6	-	Pressure	Campbell Scientific CS100	-	-	-	-
N	6	-	Data Logger	Campbell Scientific CR1000	-	-	-	-

*Cup anemometer calibration certificates are available on request.
Mast installed 13/08/2010.

Annex B: Location and Environment

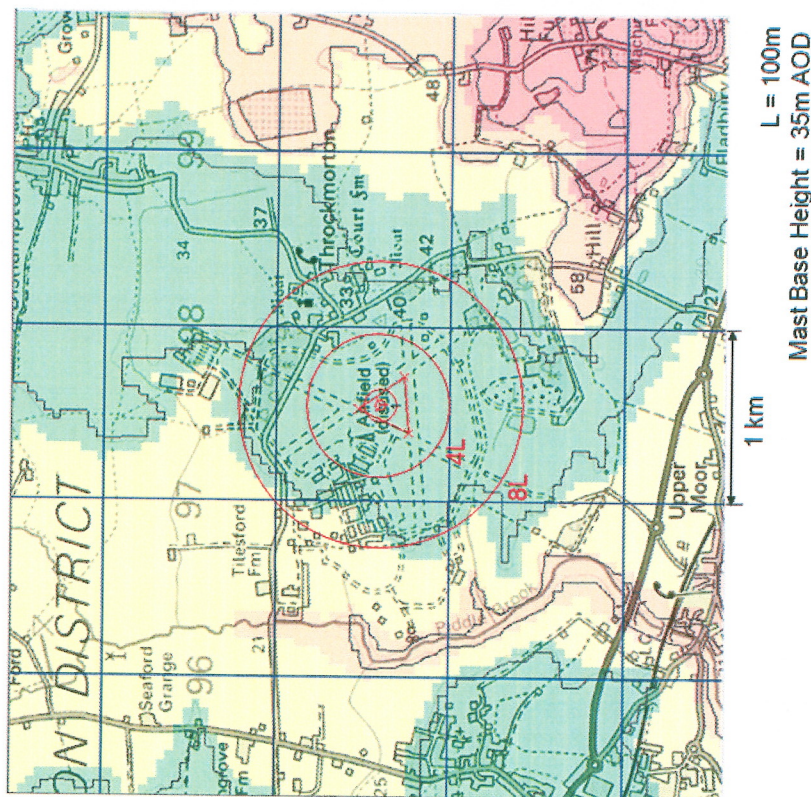


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● Test Mast 387557E 249426 N BNG

Figure B1: Test Mast Location and Environment

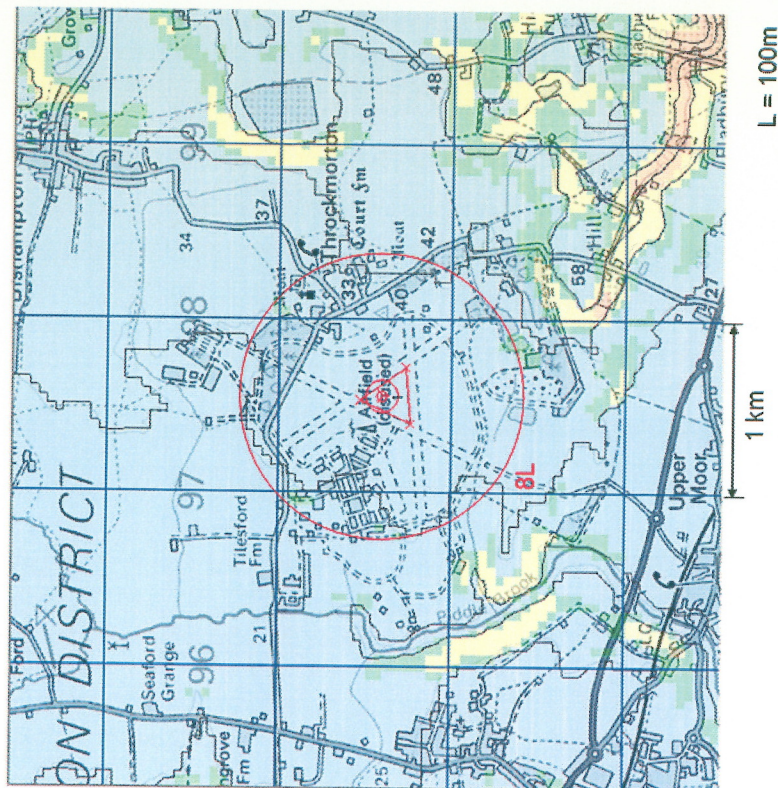
The terrain in the vicinity of the mast is flat and covered with sparse low growing vegetation. A free standing lattice tower of approximately 40m in height exists on a bearing of 270° at 230m from the mast. A number of hangars and outbuildings exists in sectors between 250° and 317° at distances between 300m and 700m from the mast. These buildings are estimated not to exceed 14m in height. Approximately 500m to the North-East lies the small village of Throckmorton which consists of a few scattered farms and houses. 700m to the South-West of the mast between 190° and 240° lies an area of spoil heaps and filtration pools associated with a mining operation. On a wider scale the site is surrounded by flat arable land that is devoid of any dense closed canopy forest. The larger conurbations of Pershore and Evesham lie at distances of 5km and 9km to the South-West and South-East respectively.



- DTM Map :-

- 0.0 - 13.0 m
- 13.0 - 21.0 m
- 21.0 - 28.0 m
- 28.0 - 42.0 m
- 42.0 - 49.0 m
- 49.0 - 57.0 m
- 57.0 m +

Figure B2: Local Deviation from Plane



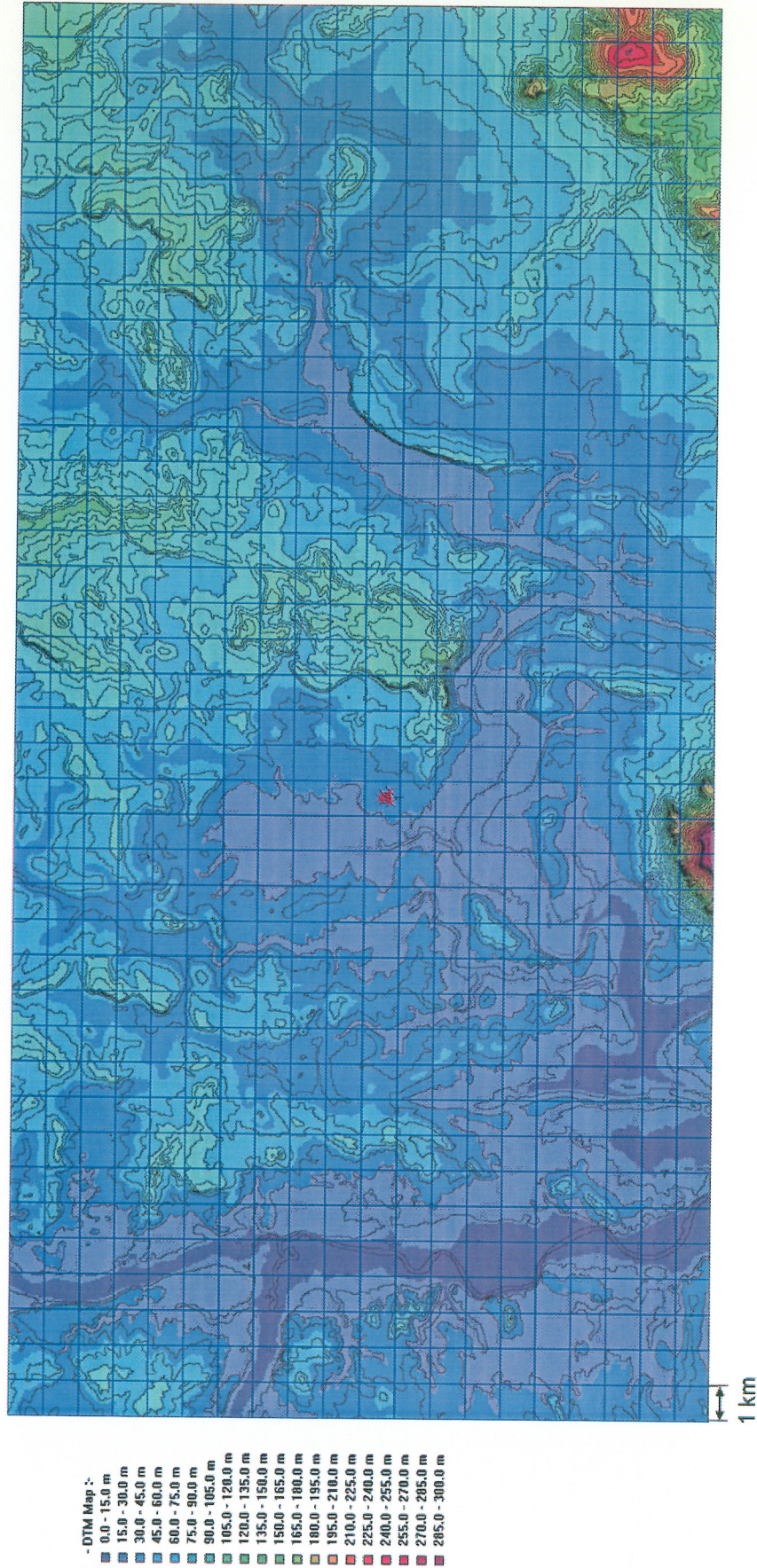


Figure B4: Regional Orography

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The terrain surrounding the tall mast at Pershore has been assessed against IEC 61400-12 (*Power Performance Measurements of Electricity Producing Wind Turbines*)[1] in order to determine whether any sectors need to be screened from the mast data due to the orography of the site or local obstacles. Figure B2 shows the difference in height between points within the local area of the mast and that of the mast base. The colour bands in this plot have been set to match the criteria for maximum terrain variations from the plane assuming a level plane through the mast base. Green represents variations within 0.04 times the top instrument height (H). Yellow represents variations within 0.08 times H. The site meets the IEC requirements for maximum terrain variation in all sectors. Figure B3 shows the slope of the terrain with the local area of the mast. The colour bands in this plot have been set to match the criteria for maximum slope in [1]. The coloured bands from blue to red represent slopes of > 3%, 3% - 5%, 5% - 10%, 10% - 30%, and 30% + respectively. The site meets the IEC requirements for maximum slope in all sectors.

An obstacle assessment against [1] has been carried out for the lattice mast located to the South-West of the test mast. This analysis indicates that screening of data from direction $\pm 14^\circ$ about a bearing of 270° should be considered. Detailed analysis of lidar versus mast measurements from this sector has shown negligible impact on slopes, but potentially lower R^2 values at 20m and 45m.

Annex C: Instrument Selection and Data Filtering

Mast

Validation wind speed data is provided by Vector A100LM cups. Comparison of paired cups is used to provide a robust method for identifying any problems with the mast instrumentation. Direction data is taken from the Vector W200P wind vanes at the 88.0m and 43.5m levels.

Data has been screened where it may be affected by instrument or tower shadow. Direction measurements at 88.0m were used to screen wind speed data at 91.5m and 70.5m. Direction measurements at 43.5m were used to screen wind speed data at 45.5m and 20.5m.

ZephIR

Wind measurements obtained with any method of anemometry are prone to increased levels of uncertainty in certain conditions. ZephIR's filtering software identifies rare conditions of reduced certainty and rejects the corresponding wind measurements from the output data file. The standard set of filters supplied to ZephIR customers was used to screen the wind speed data presented in this report.

Annex D: References

[1]: IEC 61400-12-1 International Standard: *Part 12-1: Power performance measurements of electricity producing wind turbines*, Edition 1.0 2005-12, International Electrotechnical Commission.